

## How does OSHA define a recordable injury or illness?

https://www.osha.gov/recordkeeping/#recordable\_definition

- Any work-related fatality.
- Any work-related injury or illness that results in loss of consciousness, days away from work, restricted work, or transfer to another job.
- Any work-related injury or illness requiring medical treatment beyond first aid.
- Any work-related diagnosed case of cancer, chronic irreversible diseases, fractured or cracked bones
  or teeth, and punctured eardrums.
- There are also special recording criteria for work-related cases involving: <u>needlesticks and sharps</u> <u>injuries</u>; <u>medical removal</u>; <u>hearing loss</u>; and <u>tuberculosis</u>.

## How does OSHA define first aid?

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- Using a non-prescription medication at nonprescription strength (for medications available in both
  prescription and non-prescription form, a recommendation by a physician or other licensed health care
  professional to use a non-prescription medication at prescription strength is considered medical
  treatment for recordkeeping purposes).
- Administering tetanus immunizations (other immunizations, such as Hepatitis B vaccine or rabies vaccine, are considered medical treatment); Cleaning, flushing or soaking wounds on the surface of the skin
- Using wound coverings such as bandages, Band-Aids<sup>™</sup>, gauze pads, etc.; or using butterfly bandages
  or Steri-Strips<sup>™</sup> (other wound closing devices such as sutures, staples, etc., are considered medical
  treatment).
- Using hot or cold therapy.
- Using any non-rigid means of support, such as elastic bandages, wraps, non-rigid back belts, etc. (devices with rigid stays or other systems designed to immobilize parts of the body are considered medical treatment for recordkeeping purposes).
- Using temporary immobilization devices while transporting an accident victim (e.g., splints, slings, neck collars, back boards, etc.). Drilling of a fingernail or toenail to relieve pressure or draining fluid from a blister.
- Using eye patches.
- Removing foreign bodies from the eye using only irrigation or a cotton swab.
- Removing splinters or foreign material from areas other than the eye by irrigation, tweezers, cotton swabs or other simple means.
- Using finger guards.
- Using massages (physical therapy or chiropractic treatment are considered medical treatment for recordkeeping purposes).
- · Drinking fluids for relief of heat stress.

## How do I decide whether a particular injury or illness is recordable?

https://www.osha.gov/laws-regs/regulations/standardnumber/1904/1904.4

